

Spreadsheet Title: I-Girder Section Analysis, AASHTO LRFD  
3rd Ed. (2004), Art. 6.10; ver. 0.122  
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Last Revision Date: 8/27/2005

\*\*\*All blue fields with double frames are used for input.\*\*\*

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Project

Job No.

Subject

Sheet No.

Made By

Date Made

Checked By

Date Checked

I-Girder Section Analysis and Design Spreadsheet Demo for DesignSpreadsheets.com  
Website  
xy  
Spreadsheet Demo  
xy  
admin  
4/12/2006  
admin  
4/12/2006

Comments

### Spreadsheet Instructions

#### Checks for marking relevant/nonrelevant calculations in the left column:

1. Positive / Negative Moment Region
2. Composite / Noncomposite Section
3. Compact / Noncompact Section (Local)

#### Note:

Factor 1.5 used for construction loads (Strength IV load combination - high dead load to live load ratio).

#### Color Coding:

[LIGHT BROWN shading] headings

[CYAN shading] user's input

[STRIPED CYAN shading] user's input that typically depends on other input (typically, these cells do not need to be changed)

[YELLOW shading] important conclusions, values, etc.

||

x

.

'||' with green shading in very left column - relevant calculations for current input

red 'x' in very left column - nonrelevant calculations for current input

'.' in very left column - calculations not considered in the current version of the spreadsheet but referenced for completeness

**[RED bold font]**

failed code check

### Disclaimer

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### Spreadsheet Revision History

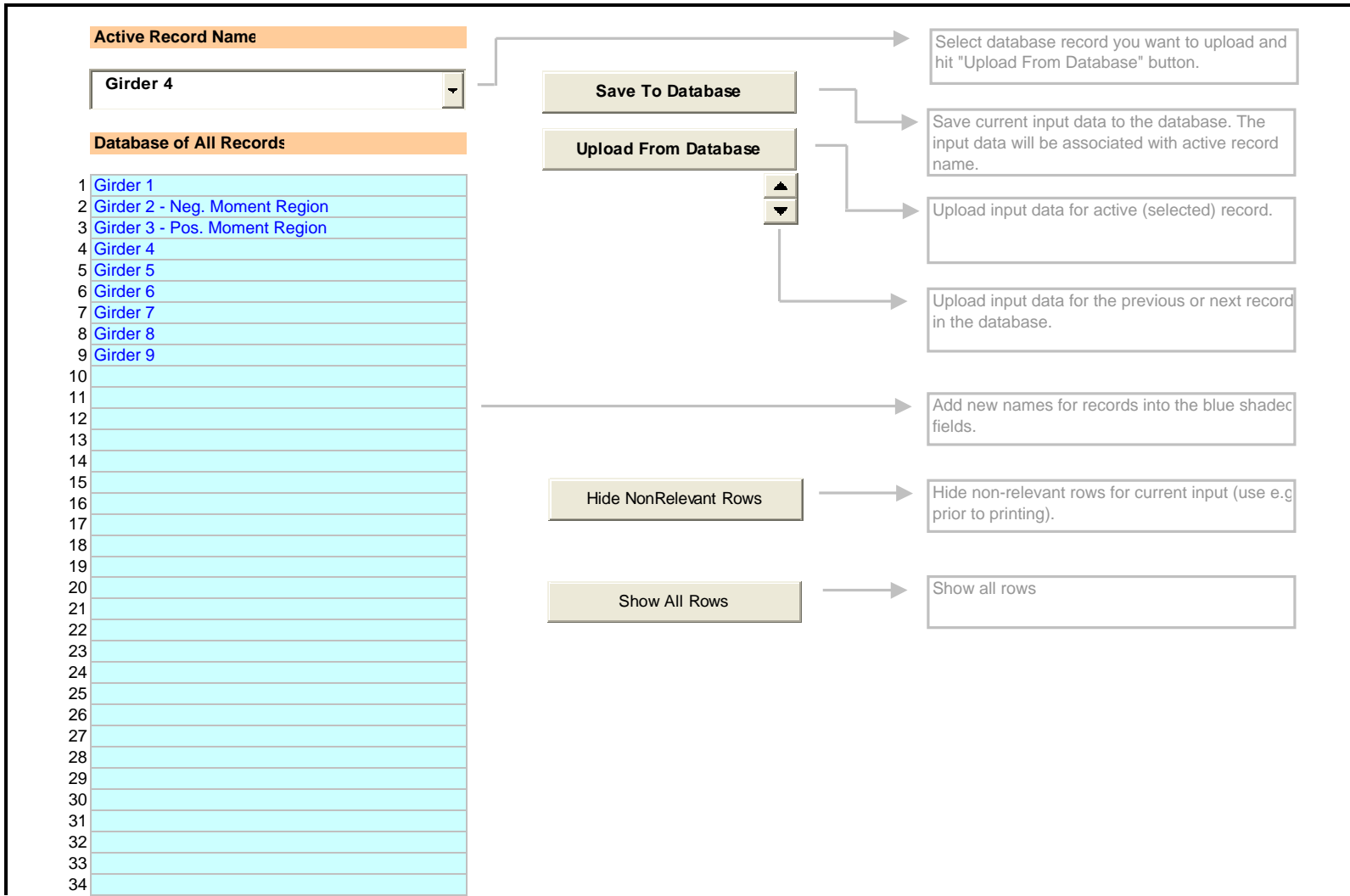
4/11/2006 [ver. 0.121]	First BridgeArt.net version.
4/14/2006 [ver. 0.122]	Minor cosmetic revisions.

### Registration

Registration Key

**Unregistered Demo Version**

???



Project: <b>I-Girder Section Analysis and Design Spreadsheet Demo for DesignSpreadsheets.com Website</b>	Made By: <i>admin</i> Date: <i>4/12/2006</i>	Job No: <i>xy</i>
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**Girder 4**

**INPUT**

**Girder**

$b_{bf}$	18 in
$b_{tf}$	18 in
$t_{bf}$	1.875 in
$t_{tf}$	1.75 in
$h_w$	51 in
$t_w$	0.625 in

**Deck**

$b_d$	75.468 in
$t_d$	8 in
$A_{s1}$	1.98 in <sup>2</sup>
$A_{s2}$	1.36 in <sup>2</sup>
$d_1$	2 in
$d_2$	2 in

**Hauch**

$b_h$	0 in
$t_h$	0 in

**Modular ratio**

$n$	7.9 [-]
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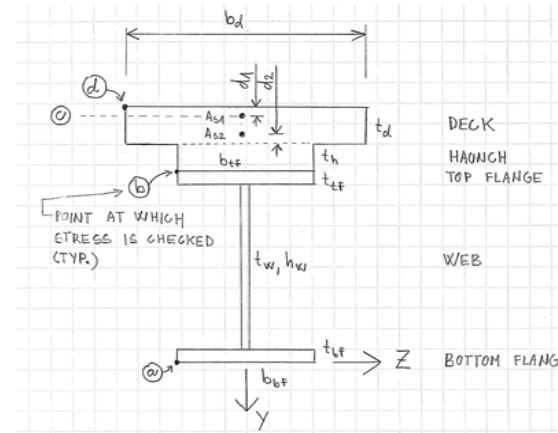
**OUTPUT - Sectional Properties**  
(section transformed into steel)

	Girder Only	Composite (3n)	Composite (n)	Composite (rebar)
Girder A [in <sup>2</sup> ]	97.13	97.13	97.13	97.13
Girder $y_{cg}$ [in]	26.742	26.742	26.742	26.742
Girder $I_z$ [in <sup>4</sup> ]	52389.9	52389.9	52389.9	52389.9
Hauch A [in <sup>2</sup> ]	-	0.00	0.00	-
Hauch $y_{cg}$ [in]	-	54.625	54.625	-
Hauch $I_z$ [in <sup>4</sup> ]	-	0.0	0.0	-
Deck A [in <sup>2</sup> ]	-	25.47	76.42	-
Deck $y_{cg}$ [in]	-	58.625	58.625	-
Deck $I_z$ [in <sup>4</sup> ]	-	135.9	407.6	-
Rebar A	-	-	-	3.34
Rebar $y_{cg}$	-	-	-	58.996
Rebar $I_z$	-	-	-	12.9
Total A	97.13	122.60	173.55	100.47
Total $y_{cg}$	26.742	33.367	40.782	27.815
Total $I_z$	52389.9	73040.1	96273.3	55762.0
$y_{topdeck}(d)$ [in]	-	29.258	21.843	-
$y_{topbar}(c)$ [in]	-	27.258	19.843	32.810
$y_{topgrd}(b)$ [in]	27.883	21.258	13.843	26.810
$y_{botgrd}(a)$ [in]	26.742	33.367	40.782	27.815
$S_{topdeck}(d)$ [in <sup>3</sup> ]	-	2496.4	4407.5	-
$S_{topbar}(c)$ [in <sup>3</sup> ]	-	2679.6	4851.8	1699.5
$S_{topgrd}(b)$ [in <sup>3</sup> ]	1878.9	3435.9	6954.7	2079.9
$S_{botgrd}(a)$ [in <sup>3</sup> ]	1959.1	2189.0	2360.7	2004.8

**Neutral Axis Check**

OK - neutral axis is within girder

**Comment**



**Section Properties about Weak Axis**

$I_y =$	1762.8 in <sup>4</sup>
$S_{y(TOP FLANGE)} =$	195.9 in <sup>3</sup>
$S_{y(BOT FLANGE)} =$	195.9 in <sup>3</sup>

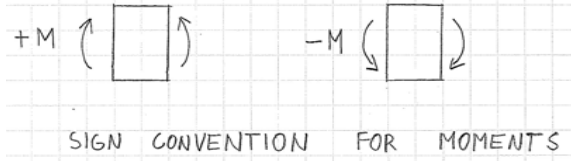
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Note: Stress sign convention for this sheet - compressive stresses are reported as negative, tensile stresses as positive (sign convention for moments - see sketch below).

**Girder 4**

**INPUT - Moments**

DC1	-2388 kip-ft
DC2	-230 kip-ft
DW	-308 kip-ft
LL+I	-1552 kip-ft
LL+I fat range	-370 kip-ft
LL+I permit	-1665 kip-ft
SE	0 kip-ft



**OUTPUT - Stresses**

**Positive Moment Region** (stress at the top of deck is reported as stress in concrete:  $f_c=f_s/n$  or  $f_c=f_s/(3n)$ )

STRESS [ksj]	Load Acting on	Grd Only	Composite (3n)				Composite (n)			Service II	Strength I	Strength II	Fatigue	Governing
	Load Type	DC1	DC2	DW	SE	LL+I	LL+I fat	LL+I p						
x	@ topdeck(d)	0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.6	0.8	1.1	0.9	0.1	0.1	
x	@ topbar(c)	0	1.0	1.4	0.0	3.8	0.9	4.1	7.4	10.1	8.9	0.7	0.7	
x	@ topgrd(b)	15.3	0.8	1.1	0.0	2.7	0.6	2.9	20.6	26.4	25.6	0.5	0.5	
x	@ botgrd(a)	-14.6	-1.3	-1.7	0.0	-7.9	-1.9	-8.5	-27.8	-36.2	-33.8	-1.4	-1.4	

**Negative Moment Region** (stress at the top of deck is reported as stress in concrete using short-term composite section:  $f_c=f_s/n$ )

STRESS [ksj]	Load Acting on	Grd Only	Composite (rebar)				Service II	Strength I	Strength II	Fatigue	Governing		
	Load Type	DC1	DC2	DW	SE	LL+I						LL+I fat	LL+I p
	@ topdeck(d)	0	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.5	0.1	0.6	0.9	1.2	1.0	0.1	1.2
	@ topbar(c)	0	1.6	2.2	0.0	11.0	2.6	11.8	18.0	24.5	21.2	2.0	24.5
	@ topgrd(b)	15.3	1.3	1.8	0.0	9.0	2.1	9.6	30.0	39.1	36.4	1.6	39.1
	@ botgrd(a)	-14.6	-1.4	-1.8	0.0	-9.3	-2.2	-10.0	-29.9	-39.0	-36.2	-1.7	-39.0

Moment [kip-ft] → -4943.6 -6450.5 -5982.3 -277.5

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Note: sign convention for this sheet - all moments and stresses are entered and reported as absolute values.

Variable/Formula	Value	Units	Comment	AASHTO Page
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|| indicates that corresponding checks are applicable for section under consideration (based on user's input)

**BASIC INPUTS**

**Girder 4**

		NEG	• general positive moment region (POS), negative moment region (NEG)	
		COMPOSITE	composite section (COMPOSITE), noncomposite section (NONCOMPOSITE)	
	$t_w =$	0.625 in	• geometry web thickness	
	$b_{fc} =$	18.000 in	full width of compression flange	
	$t_{fc} =$	1.875 in	thickness of compression flange	
	$D =$	51.000 in	web depth	
	$E =$	29,000 ksi	• material properties steel Young's modulus	
	$F_{yf} =$	50.0 ksi	specified minimum yield strength of flange	
	$F_{yw} =$	50.0 ksi	specified minimum yield stress of web	
	$F_{y, reinf} =$	60.0 ksi	specified minimum yield strength of reinforcement	
	$F_{yc} =$	50.0 ksi	specified minimum yield strength of compression flange	
	$F_{yt} =$	50.0 ksi	specified minimum yield strength of tension flange	
	$F_{yr} =$	35.0 ksi	compression flange stress at the onset of nominal yielding	6-108
	note: $F_{yr} = \min(0.7F_{yc}, F_{yw}), F_{yr} \geq 0.5F_{yc}$			
			• effect of applied loads	
	$\Phi_f =$	1.00 [-]	• load factors [AASHTO 6.5.4.2] resistance factor for flexure	6-27
	$\Phi_v =$	1.00 [-]	resistance factor for shear	
			• slenderness ratios for local buckling resistance [AASHTO 6.10.8.2.2]	6-107
	$\lambda_f = b_{fc} / (2t_{fc}) =$	4.800 [-]	slenderness ratio for compression flange	
	$\lambda_{pf} = 0.38 \text{ sqrt}(E/F_{yc}) =$	9.152 [-]	limiting slenderness ratio for a compact flange	
	$\lambda_{nf} = 0.56 \text{ sqrt}(E/F_{yc}) =$	13.968 [-]	limiting slenderness ratio for a noncompact flange	
			• reduction factors	
	$R_h =$	1.000 [-]	○ hybrid factor to account for reduced contribution of web to nominal flexural resistance at first yield in flange element; use 1.0 for girders with same steel strength for flange and web	6-80
.	NOT CONSIDERED:			
.	$R_h = [12 + \beta(3\rho - \rho^3)] / [12 + 2\beta] =$			
.	$\beta = 2D_n t_w / A_{fn} =$			
.	$\rho = \min(F_{yw}/f_n, 1.0) =$			
	$R_b =$	1.000 [-]	○ web load-shedding factor; accounts for increase in compression flange stress due to web local buckling	6-81
	$R_b = 1 - [a_{wc} / (1200 + 300a_{wc})] [2D_c / t_w - \lambda_{rw}] =$	1.000 [-]		
	$\lambda_{rw} = 5.7 \text{ sqrt}(E/F_{yc}) =$	137.3 [-]	limiting slenderness ratio for noncompact web	
	$a_{wc} = 2D_c t_w / b_{fc} t_{fc} =$	0.921 [-]		

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Variable/Formula	Value	Units	Comment	AASHTO Page
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// indicates that corresponding checks are applicable for section under consideration (based on user's input)

//	$V_n = V_{cr} = CV_p =$	<b>632 kip</b>	● Nominal Shear Resistance of Unstiffened Webs [AASHTO 6.10.9.2] $V_n$ = nominal shear resistance, $V_{cr}$ = shear-buckling resistance	6-115
//	$V_p = 0.58F_{yw}Dt_w =$	924 kip	plastic shear force	
//	$C =$	0.684 [-]	ratio of the shear buckling resistance to the shear yield strength	
//	if $D/t_w \leq 1.12 \text{ sqrt}(Ek/F_{yw})$ then $C =$	1.000 [-]		
//	if $1.12 \text{ sqrt}(Ek/F_{yw}) < D/t_w \leq 1.40 \text{ sqrt}(Ek/F_{yw})$ then $C =$			
//	$= 1.12 / (D/t_w) \text{ sqrt}(Ek/F_{yw}) =$	0.739 [-]		
//	if $D/t_w > 1.40 \text{ sqrt}(Ek/F_{yw})$ then $C =$			
//	$= 1.57 / (D/t_w)^2 (Ek/F_{yw}) =$	0.684 [-]		
//	note: $D/t_w =$	81.6 [-]		
//	note: $1.12 \text{ sqrt}(Ek/F_{yw}) =$	60.3 [-]		
//	note: $1.40 \text{ sqrt}(Ek/F_{yw}) =$	75.4 [-]		
//	$k =$	<b>5.0 [-]</b>	shear buckling coefficient ( $k=5$ for unstiffened webs)	
.	NOT CONSIDERED		○ Nominal Resistance of Stiffened Webs - Interior Panels [AASHTO 6.10.9.3.2] not considered, because current version of the spreadsheet handles only unstiffened webs	6-116
.	NOT CONSIDERED		○ Nominal Resistance of Stiffened Webs - End Panels [AASHTO 6.10.9.3.3] not considered, because current version of the spreadsheet handles only unstiffened webs	6-117

**CONSTRUCTIBILITY**

6-86

//	$f_{bu[C]} =$	<b>21.9 ksi</b>	● Basic Inputs stress in compression flange due to DC1 (no lateral bending), factored by 1.5 (Strength IV load combination)	
//	$f_{bu[T]} =$	<b>22.9 ksi</b>	stress in tension flange due to DC2 (no lateral bending), factored by 1.5 (Strength IV load combination)	
//	$f_{l[C]} =$	<b>10.0 ksi</b>	stress in compression flange due to lateral bending (wind, from exterior girder bracket during construction, etc.)	
//	$f_{l[T]} =$	<b>10.0 ksi</b>	stress in tension flange due to lateral bending	
//	$V_u =$	<b>96 kips</b>	factored shear in web, factored by 1.5 (Strength IV load combination)	
//	$D_c =$	24.867 in	depth of web in compression in the elastic range	6-69
//	$r_t = b_{fc} / \text{sqrt}\{ 12 [1 + (D_c t_w) / (3b_{fc} t_{fc})] \} =$	4.838 in	effective radius of gyration for lateral torsional buckling	6-109
//	$C_b =$	<b>1.000 [-]</b>	moment gradient modifier (conservatively, use $C_b = 1.0$ )	6-108
//			● unbraced lengths for lateral torsional buckling resistance [AASHTO 6.10.8.2.3]	6-108
//	$L_b =$	<b>264.0 in</b>	unbraced length	
//	$L_p = 1.0 r_t \text{ sqrt}(E/F_{yc}) =$	116.5 in	limiting unbraced length 1 (for compact)	
//	$L_r = \pi r_t \text{ sqrt}(E/F_y) =$	437.5 in	limiting unbraced length 2 (for noncompact)	
//			● Compression Flange Flexural Resistance [AASHTO 6.10.8.2]	6-106

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AASHTO  
Page

Variable/Formula Value Units Comment

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//	$F_{nc} = \min(F_{nc[1]}, F_{nc[2]}) =$	<b>43.1 ksi</b>	o nominal flexural resistance of flange taken as smaller local buckling resistance and lateral torsional buckling resistance [AASHTO 6.10.8.2.1]	
//	$F_{nc[1]} =$	50.0 ksi	o local buckling resistance of the compression flange [AASHTO 6.10.8.2.2]	
//	if $\lambda_f \leq \lambda_{pf}$ then $F_{nc[1]} = R_b R_h F_{yc} =$	50.0 ksi		
//	if $\lambda_f > \lambda_{pf}$ then $F_{nc[1]} =$			
//	$= \{1 - [1 - F_{yf} / (R_h F_{yc})] [(\lambda_r - \lambda_{pf}) / (\lambda_f - \lambda_{pf})]\} R_b R_h F_{yc} =$	63.6 ksi		
//	$F_{nc[2]} =$	43.1 ksi	o lateral torsional buckling resistance of compression flange [AASHTO 6.10.8.2.3]	
//	if $L_b \leq L_p$ then $F_{nc[2]} = R_b R_h F_{yc} =$	50.0 ksi		
//	if $L_p < L_b \leq L_r$ then $F_{nc[2]} =$			
//	$= C_b \{1 - [1 - F_{yf} / (R_h F_{yc})] [(L_b - L_p) / (L_r - L_p)]\} R_b R_h F_{yc} =$	43.1 ksi	note: $F_{nc[2]} \leq R_b R_h F_{yc}$	
//	if $L_b > L_r$ then $F_{nc[2]} = F_{cr} =$	96.1 ksi	note: $F_{nc[2]} \leq R_b R_h F_{yc}$	
//	$F_{cr} = C_b R_b \pi^2 E / (L_b / r_f)^2 =$	96.1 ksi		
//	$F_{crw} = \min(F_{crw[1]}, F_{crw[2]}, F_{crw[3]}) =$	<b>50.0 ksi</b>	o nominal bend buckling resistance for webs without longitudinal stiffeners [AASHTO 6.10.1.9.1]	6-67
//	$F_{crw[1]} = 0.9 E k / (D/t_w)^2 =$	148.4 ksi		
//	$k = 9 / (D_c/D)^2 =$	37.9 [-]	bend buckling coefficient	
//	$F_{crw[2]} = R_h F_{yc} =$	50.0 ksi		
//	$F_{crw[3]} = F_{yw} / 0.7 =$	71.4 ksi		
//				
//			• Flexure - Discretely Braced Flanges in Compression [AASHTO 6.10.3.2.1]	6-87
//	$f_{bu} + f_t \leq \Phi_f R_h F_{yc}$	<b>OK</b>		
//	$f_{bu} + f_t =$	31.9 ksi		
//	$\Phi_f R_h F_{yc} =$	50.0 ksi		
//				
//	$f_{bu} + (1/3)f_t \leq \Phi_f F_{nc}$	<b>OK</b>		
//	$f_{bu} + (1/3)f_t =$	25.3 ksi		
//	$\Phi_f F_{nc} =$	43.1 ksi		
//				
//	$f_{bu} \leq \Phi_f F_{crw}$	<b>OK</b>		
//	$f_{bu} =$	21.9 ksi		
//	$\Phi_f F_{crw} =$	50.0 ksi		
//				
//			• Flexure - Discretely Braced Flanges in Tension [AASHTO 6.10.3.2.2]	6-89
//	$f_{bu} + f_t \leq \Phi_f R_h F_{yt}$	<b>OK</b>		
//	$f_{bu} + f_t =$	32.9 ksi		
//	$\Phi_f R_h F_{yt} =$	50.0 ksi		
.				
.	$f_{bu} \leq \Phi_f R_h F_{yf}$		• Flexure - Continuously Braced Flanges in C or T; assumption that continuously braced flange is not subject to local or lateral torsional buckling	
.	NOT CONSIDERED		not considered, because no flanges are continuously braced during construction	
//				
//	$V_u \leq \Phi_v V_{cr}$	<b>OK</b>	• Shear	6-90
//	$V_u =$	96 kips	factored shear in the web	
//	$V_{cr} =$	632 kips	shear buckling resistance	
//				
//			• Stress in Concrete Deck [AASHTO 6.10.3.2.4]	6-89



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Shall 1% longitudinal reinforcement be provided?	YES		If the actual tensile stress in concrete deck exceeds $\Phi_f$ , to control cracking, the area of longitudinal reinforcement shall be at least 1% of the concrete deck area. [AASHTO 6.10.1.7]	6-75
$\sigma_c = (1/n) (M/S) =$	1.2	ksi	actual tensile stress in concrete deck	
M =	42,984	kip-in	moment due to construction loads, DC1 , factored by 1.5 (Strength IV load combination - high DL to LL ratio) [imported from Stresses tab]	6-75
note: M =	3,582	kip-ft		
S =	4407.5	in <sup>3</sup>	section modulus for top of deck using n = 1 (section transformed in steel) [imported from Stresses tab]	
$\Phi_f =$	0.0	ksi	factored concrete tensile resistance	
$\Phi =$	-		resistance factor for concrete in tension	5-53
$f_r = 0.24 \text{ sqrt}(f'_c) =$	0.00	ksi	modulus of rupture for concrete deck	5-16
$f'_c =$		ksi	specified compressive strength of concrete	

<b>SERVICE LIMIT STATE</b>	[AASHTO 6.10.4]	6-93
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$f_{I(TOP)} =$	30.0	ksi	• Basic Inputs stress in top flange for Service II load combination	
$f_{I(BOT)} =$	29.9	ksi	stress in bottom flange for Service II load combination	
$f_t =$	10.0	ksi		
$f_t \leq 0.95R_h F_{yf}$	OK		• Flexural Checks ○ top steel flange of composite sections	6-93
$f_t =$	30.0	ksi		
$0.95R_h F_{yf} =$	47.5	ksi		
$f_t + f_t/2 \leq 0.95R_h F_{yf}$	OK		○ bottom steel flange of composite sections	
$f_t + f_t/2 =$	34.9	ksi		
$0.95R_h F_{yf} =$	47.5	ksi		
• $f_t + f_t/2 \leq 0.80R_h F_{yf}$			○ both steel flanges of noncomposite sections noncomposite sections are not considered in this version of the spreadsheet	
• NOT CONSIDERED				
$f_c \leq F_{crw}$	OK		○ this check applies to all sections except for composite sections in positive flexure with web proportions such that $D/t_w \leq 150$ [AASHTO Eq. 6.10.4.2.2-4]	6-94
$f_c = f_{I(TOP)} =$	30.0	ksi	compression flange stress due to Service II loads	
$F_{crw} =$	50.0	ksi	nominal bend buckling resistance for webs [see "Strength Limit State" section below for the calculation of $F_{crw}$ ] [AASHTO 6.10.1.9.1]	6-77
Shall 1% longitudinal reinforcement be provided?	YES		• Stress in Concrete Deck [AASHTO 6.10.3.2.4] If the actual tensile stress in concrete deck exceeds $\Phi_f$ , to control cracking, the area of longitudinal reinforcement shall be at least 1% of the concrete deck area. [AASHTO 6.10.1.7]	6-89 6-75
$\sigma_c = (1/n) (M/S) =$	1.70	ksi	actual tensile stress in concrete deck	
M =	59,323	kip-in	moment due to Service II load combination [imported from Stresses tab] [AASHTO 6.10.1.7]	6-75

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Variable/Formula	Value	Units	Comment	AASHTO Page
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|| indicates that corresponding checks are applicable for section under consideration (based on user's input)

S =	4407.5	in <sup>3</sup>	section modulus for top of deck using n = 1; section transformed in steel (same as for constructibility check above)	
$\Phi_f$ =	0.0	ksi	factored concrete tensile resistance (same as for constructibility check above)	

<b>FATIGUE AND FRACTURE LIMIT STATES</b>	[AASHTO 6.10.5]	6-95
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fatigue detail description =	tension flange			
fatigue detail category =	C			
$\gamma(\Delta f) \leq (\Delta F)_n$	OK			6-29
$\gamma(\Delta f) =$	1.6	ksi	live load stress range due to passage of fatigue load multiplied by load factor $\gamma = 0.75$	
$(\Delta F)_n = (A/N)^{(1/3)} =$	5.0	ksi	nominal fatigue resistance [AASHTO 6.6.1.2.5]	6-40
A =	44.00	10 <sup>8</sup> ksi <sup>3</sup>	constant from [AASHTO Tab. 6.6.1.2.5-1]	6-42
$N = (365)(75)n(ADTT)_{SL} =$	232,687,500			
n =	1		number of stress range cycles per truck passage taken from [AASHTO Tab. 6.6.1.2.5-2]	
$(ADTT)_{SL} = (p)(ADTT) =$	8,500		single lane ADTT (number of trucks per day in one direction averaged over the design life) [AASHTO 3.6.1.4]	3-24
p =	0.85		reduction factor for number of trucks for multiple lanes taken from [AASHTO Tab. 3.6.1.4.2-1]	
ADTT = (ftt) (ADT) =	10,000		number of trucks per day in one direction averaged over the design life	
ftt =	0.25		fraction of trucks in traffic	
ADT = (nl) (ADT) <sub>SL</sub> =	40,000		average daily traffic per whole bridge	
(ADT) <sub>SL</sub> =	20,000		average daily traffic per single lane (20,000 is considered maximum)	
nl =	2		number of lanes	
note: $(\Delta F)_n \geq (1/2)(\Delta F)_{TH} =$	5.0	ksi		
$(\Delta F)_{TH} =$	10.00	10 <sup>8</sup> ksi <sup>3</sup>	constant amplitude fatigue threshold taken from [AASHTO Tab. 6.6.1.2.5-3]	
.			• special requirements for webs [AASHTO 6.10.5.3]	6-95
• $V_u \leq V_{cr}$				
• NOT CONDERED			not considered, because this requirement does not need to be checked for unstiffened webs	

<b>STRENGTH LIMIT STATE</b>		6-96
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$f_{bu[C]} =$	39.0	ksi	• Basic Inputs stress in compression flange (no lateral bending)	
$f_{bu[T]} =$	39.1	ksi	stress in tension flange (no lateral bending)	
$f_{l[C]} =$	10.0	ksi	stress in compression flange due to lateral bending	
$f_{l[T]} =$	10.0	ksi	stress in tension flange due to lateral bending	
$M_u =$	6,451	kip-ft	bending moment about major axis	
note: $M_u =$	77,406	kip-in		
$V_u =$	389	kips	factored shear in web	
$D_c =$	25.427	in	depth of web in compression in the elastic range	6-69
$D_{cp} =$	26.906	in	depth of web in compression at the plastic moment	6-68

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$r_t = b_{tc} / \sqrt{12 [1 + (D_c t_w) / (3 b_{tc} t_c)]}$ =	4.831	in	effective radius of gyration for lateral torsional buckling	6-109
$C_b =$	1.000	[-]	moment gradient modifier (conservatively, use $C_b = 1.0$ )	6-108
$L_b =$	264.0	in	unbraced length	6-108
$L_p = 1.0 r_t \sqrt{E/F_{yc}}$ =	116.3	in	limiting unbraced length 1 (for compact)	
$L_r = \pi r_t \sqrt{E/F_{yr}}$ =	436.9	in	limiting unbraced length 2 (for noncompact)	
$F_{nc} = \min(F_{nc[1]}, F_{nc[2]}) =$	43.1	ksi	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>unbraced lengths for lateral torsional buckling resistance [AASHTO 6.10.8.2.3]</li> </ul>	6-106
$F_{nc[1]} =$	50.0	ksi	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>nominal flexural resistance of flange taken as smaller local buckling resistance and lateral torsional buckling resistance [AASHTO 6.10.8.2.1]</li> </ul>	
$F_{nc[2]} =$	43.1	ksi	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>local buckling resistance of the compression flange [AASHTO 6.10.8.2.2], same as for constructibility - see calculations above</li> <li>lateral torsional buckling resistance of compression flange [AASHTO 6.10.8.2.3]</li> </ul>	
if $L_b \leq L_p$ then $F_{nc[2]} = R_b R_h F_{yc} =$	50.0	ksi		
if $L_p < L_b \leq L_r$ then $F_{nc[2]} =$				
$= C_b \{1 - [1 - F_{yr} / (R_h F_{yc})] [(L_b - L_p) / (L_r - L_p)]\} R_b R_h F_{yc} =$	43.1	ksi		
if $L_b > L_r$ then $F_{nc[2]} = F_{cr} = C_b R_b \pi^2 E / (L_b / r_t)^2 =$	95.8	ksi		
note: $F_{nc[2]} \leq R_b R_h F_{yc}$				
$F_{crw} = \min(F_{crw[1]}, F_{crw[2]}, F_{crw[3]}) =$	50.0	ksi	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>nominal bend buckling resistance for webs without longitudinal stiffeners [AASHTO 6.10.1.9.1]</li> </ul>	6-67
$F_{crw[1]} = 0.9 E k / (D/t_w)^2 =$	141.9	ksi		
$k = 9 / (D_c/D)^2 =$	36.2	[-]	bend buckling coefficient	
$F_{crw[2]} = R_h F_{yc} =$	50.0	ksi		
$F_{crw[3]} = F_{yw} / 0.7 =$	71.4	ksi		

<b>x Composite Section in Positive Flexure</b>				
x				
x				
x				
x		COMPACT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Compact Section Criteria</li> </ul>	6-98
x	Is $F_{yr} \leq 70$ ksi satisfied?	YES	Compact/Noncompact (To qualify as compact, section must meet all the criteria listed below).	
x	Is $D/t_w \leq 150$ satisfied?	YES		
x	$D/t_w =$	81.6		
x	Is $2D_{cp}/t_w \leq 3.76 \sqrt{E/F_{yc}}$ satisfied?	YES		
x	$2D_{cp}/t_w =$	0.0		
x	$3.76 \sqrt{E/F_{yc}} =$	90.6		
x			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Flexural Resistance for Compact Section [AASHTO 6.10.7.1]</li> </ul>	6-101
x	$M_u + 1/3 f_t S_{xt} \leq \Phi_t M_n$	OK		
x	$M_u + 1/3 f_t S_{xt} =$	84,738	kip-in	
x	$\Phi_t M_n =$	136,224	kip-in	
x	note: $M_n =$	11,352	kip-ft	
x				
x	$S_{xt} = M_{yt} / F_{yt} =$	2199.7	in <sup>3</sup>	elastic section modulus about the major axis of the section to the tension flange
x	$M_{yt} =$	109,985	kip-in	yield moment with respect to tension flange
x	$M_n =$	136,224	kip-in	nominal flexural resistance of the section

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x	note: $M_n =$	11,352	kip-ft		
x	if $D_p \leq 0.1 D_t$ then $M_n = M_p =$	141,433	kip-in		
x	if $D_p > 0.1 D_t$ then $M_n = M_p (1.07 - 0.7D_p/D_t) =$	136,224	kip-in		
x	$D_t =$	62.625	in	total depth of composite section [imported from Mp tab]	
x	$D_p =$	9.558	in	distance from top of concrete deck to the neutral axis of composite section at plastic moment [imported from Mp tab]	
x	$M_p =$	141,433	kip-in	plastic moment of composite section [imported from Mp tab]	
x	note: $M_p =$	11,786	kip-ft		
x	note: $M_n \leq 1.3R_n M_y =$	142,981	kip-in		
x	$M_y =$	109,985	kip-in	yield moment [import from My tab]	6-102
	note: $M_y =$	9,165	kip-ft		
x				o Flexural Resistance for Noncompact Section [AASHTO 6.10.7.2]	
x				- Compression Flange Check	
x	$f_{bu} \leq \Phi_t F_{nc}$	OK			
x	$f_{bu} =$	39.0	ksi		
x	$\Phi_t F_{nc} =$	50.0	ksi		
x	$F_{nc} = R_b R_n F_{yc} =$	50.0	ksi	nominal flexural resistance of compression flange	
x				- Tension Flange Check	
x	$f_{bu} + 1/3f_t \leq \Phi_t F_{nt}$	OK			
x	$f_{bu} + 1/3f_t =$	42.4	ksi		
x	$\Phi_t F_{nt} =$	50.0	ksi		
x	$F_{nt} = R_n F_{yt} =$	50.0	ksi	nominal flexural resistance of tension flange	
x				o Ductility Requirement (For Both Compact and Noncompact Sections)	6-105
x	$D_p \leq 0.42 D_t$	OK			
x	$D_p =$	9.558	in		
x	$0.42 D_t =$	26.303	in		

**Composite Sections in Negative Flexure and Noncomposite Sections**

		COMPACT		o Compact Section Criteria Compact/Noncompact (To qualify as compact, section must meet all the criteria listed below).	
	Is $F_{yt} \leq 70$ ksi satisfied?	YES			
	Is $2D_o/t_w \leq 5.7 \sqrt{E/F_{yc}}$ satisfied?	YES			
	$2D_o/t_w =$	81.4	[-]		
	$5.7 \sqrt{E/F_{yc}} =$	137.3	[-]		
				o Flexural Resistance - Discretely Braced Flanges in Compression [AASHTO 6.10.8.1.1]	
	$f_{bu} + (1/3)f_t \leq \Phi_t F_{nc}$	OK			
	$f_{bu} + (1/3)f_t =$	42.4	ksi		
	$\Phi_t F_{nc} =$	43.1	ksi		
.				o Flexural Resistance - Discretely Braced Flanges in Tension	
.	$f_{bu} + (1/3)f_t \leq \Phi_t F_{nt}$	NOT CONSIDERED		not considered, because the flanges in tension are continuously braced by deck in the negative moment region for strength check	

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// indicates that corresponding checks are applicable for section under consideration (based on user's input)

//					
//	$f_{bu} \leq \Phi_t R_h F_{yf}$		<b>OK</b>		
//	$f_{bu} =$	39.0	ksi		
//	$\Phi_t R_h F_{yf} =$	50.0	ksi		
//	<b>Shear Resistance [AASHTO 6.10.9]</b>				6-114
//	$V_u \leq \Phi_v V_n$		<b>OK</b>		
//	$V_u =$	389	kip		
//	$\Phi_v V_n =$	632	kip		

o Flexural Resistance - Continously Braced Flanges in T or C

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negative "P" forces are compressive, positive "P" forces are tensile.

// indicates that corresponding checks are applicable for section under consideration (based on user's input)

**DETERMINATION OF PLASTIC MOMENT Mp**

[AASHTO D6.1, p. 6-250]

**Girder 4**

**Input Taken from Other Tabs**

b <sub>bf</sub> =	18 in	o girder dimensions
b <sub>tf</sub> =	18 in	
t <sub>bf</sub> =	1.875 in	
t <sub>tf</sub> =	1.75 in	
h <sub>w</sub> =	51 in	
t <sub>w</sub> =	0.625 in	
b <sub>d</sub> =	75.468 in	o deck dimensions
t <sub>d</sub> =	8 in	
t <sub>h</sub> =	0 in	o haunch dimensions

**Additional Input**

F <sub>yt</sub> =	50.0 ksi	specified minimum yield stress of flange
F <sub>yw</sub> =	50.0 ksi	specified minimum yield stress of web
F <sub>y,rein</sub> =	60.0 ksi	specified minimum yield stress of reinforcement
f' <sub>c</sub> =	4.0 ksi	minimum specified 28-day compressive strength of concrete
β <sub>1</sub> =	1.000 [-]	use β <sub>1</sub> = 1 to consider whole concrete block in compression

**Outputs - Positive Moment Region**

	top coord	bot coord	Height	Force	Arm to PNA	Moment @ PNA	
	[in]	[in]	[in]	[kips]	[in]	[kip-in]	
Ps compression	0.000	8.000	8.000	-2052.7	-5.558	11408.1	concrete
Pc compression	8.000	9.558	1.558	-1401.8	-0.779	1091.6	top flange
Pc tension	9.558	9.750	0.192	173.2	0.096	16.7	
Pw compression	9.750	9.750	0.000	0.0	0.192	0.0	web
Pw tension	9.750	60.750	51.000	1593.8	25.692	40947.4	
Pt tension	60.750	62.625	1.875	1687.5	52.130	87969.4	bottom flange
Total				0.0		141433.1	

y = D <sub>p</sub> =	9.558 in	distance of PNA from the top of section
M <sub>p</sub> =	141,433 kip-in	plastic moment
note: M <sub>p</sub> =	11,786 kip-ft	plastic moment
D <sub>cp</sub> =	0.000 in	depth of web in compression at plastic moment
D <sub>t</sub> =	62.625 in	total depth of composite section

**Outputs - Negative Moment Region**

	bot coord	top coord	Height	Force	Arm to PNA	Moment @ PNA	
	[in]	[in]	[in]	[kips]	[in]	[kip-in]	
Pr	56.625	56.625	-	200.4	27.844	5579.9	reinforcement
Pt tension	52.875	54.625	1.750	1575.0	24.969	39325.5	top flange
Pt compression	52.875	52.875	0.000	0.0	24.094	0.0	
Pw tension	28.781	52.875	24.094	752.9	12.047	9070.3	web
Pw compression	1.875	28.781	26.906	-840.8	-13.453	11311.8	
Pc compression	0.000	1.875	1.875	-1687.5	-27.844	46986.6	bottom flange

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//	Total		0.0	112274.1	
//	$y = D_p =$	28.781 in			distance of PNA from the bottom of section
//	$M_p =$	112,274 kip-in			plastic moment
//	note: $M_p =$	9,356 kip-ft			plastic moment
//	$D_{cp} =$	26.906 in			depth of web in compression at plastic moment
//	$D_t =$	56.625 in			total depth of composite section

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**DETERMINATION OF YIELD MOMENT My (for strength check)** [AASHTO D6.2, p. 6-252]

**Girder 4**

<b>// Input</b>		
// $M_{D1} =$	35,820 kip-in	• general factored moment applied to noncomposite section (1.25 DC1)
// $M_{D2} =$	8,994 kip-in	factored moment applied to longterm composite section (1.25 DC2 + 1.5 DW)
// note: $M_{D1} =$	2985.0 kip-ft	
// note: $M_{D2} =$	749.5 kip-ft	
// $f_c =$	39.0 ksi	sum of compression flange stresses [import from Stresses tab, for Service II load group]
// $f_t =$	39.1 ksi	sum of tension flange stresses [import from Stresses tab, for Service II load group]
// $F_{yt} =$	50.0 ksi	specified minimum yield strength of flange
// $F_{y, reinf} =$	60.0 ksi	specified minimum yield strength of reinforcement
<b>x Composite Section in Positive Flexure</b>		
x $M_y = \min(M_{Y(T)}, M_{Y(C)}) =$	109,985 kip-in	
x note: $M_y =$	9,165 kip-ft	
x		• determine moment to cause yielding in tension (bottom) flange
x $M_{Y(T)} = M_{D1} + M_{D2} + M_{AD(T)} =$	109,985 kip-in	
x $M_{AD(T)} = (F_{yt} - M_{D1}/S_{NC(T)} - M_{D2}/S_{LT(T)}) S_{ST(T)} =$	65,171 kip-in	additional moment applied to short term composite section to cause nominal yielding in tension flange
x $S_{NC(T)} =$	1,959.1 in <sup>3</sup>	noncomposite section modulus
x $S_{LT(T)} =$	2,189.0 in <sup>3</sup>	short-term composite section modulus
x $S_{ST(T)} =$	2,360.7 in <sup>3</sup>	long-term composite section modulus
x		• determine moment to cause yielding in compression (top) flange
x $M_{Y(C)} = M_{D1} + M_{D2} + M_{AD(C)} =$	241,760 kip-in	
x $M_{AD(C)} = (F_{yt} - M_{D1}/S_{NC(C)} - M_{D2}/S_{LT(C)}) S_{ST(C)} =$	196,946 kip-in	
x $S_{NC(C)} =$	1,878.9 in <sup>3</sup>	
x $S_{LT(C)} =$	3,435.9 in <sup>3</sup>	
x $S_{ST(C)} =$	6,954.7 in <sup>3</sup>	
x $D_c =  f_c  / (  f_c  + f_t ) d - t_{fc} =$	25.552 in	depth of web in compression in the elastic range
x $d =$	54.625 in	depth of steel section
x $t_{fc} =$	1.750 in	thickness of top flange
<b>// Composite Section in Negative Flexure</b>		
// $M_y = \min(M_{Y(T1)}, M_{Y(T2)}, M_{Y(C)}) =$	75,145 kip-in	
// note: $M_y =$	6,262 kip-ft	
//		• determine moment to cause yielding in tension (top) flange
// $M_{Y(T1)} = M_{D1} + M_{D2} + M_{AD(T1)} =$	100,163 kip-in	



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// indicates that corresponding checks are applicable for section under consideration (based on user's input)

//	$M_{AD[T1]} = (F_{yt} - M_{D1}/S_{NC[T1]} - M_{D2}/S_{COMP[T1]}) S_{COMP[T1]} =$	55,349 <i>kip-in</i>	additional moment applied to short term composite section to cause nominal yielding in tension flange
//	$S_{NC[T1]} =$	1,878.9 <i>in<sup>3</sup></i>	noncomposite section modulus
//	$S_{COMP[T1]} = S_{LT[T1]} = S_{ST[T1]} =$	2,079.9 <i>in<sup>3</sup></i>	composite section modulus (concrete deck not effective)
//			• determine moment to cause yielding in reinforcement
//	$M_{Y[T2]} = M_{D2} + M_{AD[T2]} =$	75,145 <i>kip-in</i>	
//	$M_{AD[T2]} = (F_{y, reinf} - M_{D1}/S_{NC[T2]}) S_{COMP[T2]} =$	66,151 <i>kip-in</i>	
//	$S_{COMP[T2]} = S_{LT[T2]} = S_{ST[T2]} =$	1,699.5 <i>in<sup>3</sup></i>	
//			• determine moment to cause yielding in compression (bottom) flange
//	$M_{Y[C]} = M_{D1} + M_{D2} + M_{AD[C]} =$	99,403 <i>kip-in</i>	
//	$M_{AD[C]} = (F_{yt} - M_{D1}/S_{NC[C]} - M_{D2}/S_{COMP[C]}) S_{COMP[C]} =$	54,589 <i>kip-in</i>	
//	$S_{NC[C]} =$	1,959.1 <i>in<sup>3</sup></i>	
//	$S_{COMP[C]} = S_{LT[C]} = S_{ST[C]} =$	2,004.8 <i>in<sup>3</sup></i>	
//	$D_c =  f_c  / ( f_c  + f_t) d - t_{fc} =$	25.427 <i>in</i>	depth of web in compression in the elastic range
//	$d =$	54.625 <i>in</i>	depth of steel section
//	$t_{bc} =$	1.875 <i>in</i>	thickness of bottom flange

**DETERMINATION OF YIELD MOMENT My (for constructibility check)** [AASHTO D6.2, p. 6-252]

//	<b>Input</b>		
//	$f_c =$	14.6 <i>ksi</i>	sum of compression flange stresses [import from Stresses tab, for DC1]
//	$f_t =$	15.3 <i>ksi</i>	sum of tension flange stresses [import from Stresses tab, for DC1]
//	$F_{yt} =$	50.0 <i>ksi</i>	specified minimum yield strength of flange

x	<b>Noncomposite Section in Positive Flexure</b>		
x	$M_y = \min(S_{NC[T]}F_{yt}, S_{NC[C]}F_{yt}) =$	93,947 <i>kip-in</i>	
x	note: $M_y =$	7,829 <i>kip-ft</i>	
x	$S_{NC[T]} =$	1,959.1 <i>in<sup>3</sup></i>	section modulus for tension flange
x	$S_{NC[C]} =$	1,878.9 <i>in<sup>3</sup></i>	section modulus for compression flange
x			
x	$D_c =  f_c  / ( f_c  + f_t) d - t_{fc} =$	24.992 <i>in</i>	depth of web in compression in the elastic range
x	$d =$	54.625 <i>in</i>	depth of steel section
x	$t_{fc} =$	1.750 <i>in</i>	thickness of top flange

//	<b>Noncomposite Section in Negative Flexure</b>		
//	$M_y = \min(S_{NC[T]}F_{yt}, S_{NC[C]}F_{yt}) =$	93,947 <i>kip-in</i>	
//	note: $M_y =$	7,829 <i>kip-ft</i>	
//	$S_{NC[T]} =$	1,878.9 <i>in<sup>3</sup></i>	section modulus for tension flange
//	$S_{NC[C]} =$	1,959.1 <i>in<sup>3</sup></i>	section modulus for compression flange
//			
//	$D_c =  f_c  / ( f_c  + f_t) d - t_{fc} =$	24.867 <i>in</i>	depth of web in compression in the elastic range

Project: <b><i>I-Girder Section Analysis and Design Spreadsheet Demo for DesignSpreadsheets.com Website</i></b>	Made By: <i>admin</i> Date: <i>4/12/2006</i>	Job No: <i>xy</i>
Subject: <i>Spreadsheet Demo</i>	Checked By: <i>admin</i> Date: <i>4/12/2006</i>	Sheet No: <i>xy</i>

Note: sign convention for this sheet - all moments and stresses are entered and reported as absolute values.

// indicates that corresponding checks are applicable for section under consideration (based on user's input)

	d =	54.625 in	depth of steel section
	t <sub>bc</sub> =	1.875 in	thickness of bottom flange